#### **OCEANS PROTECTION PLAN**

### National Strategy to Address Abandoned and Wrecked Vessels





### Purpose

Provide an overview of the

National Strategy to Address

Abandoned and Wrecked Vessels\*

under the \$1.5 billion five-year

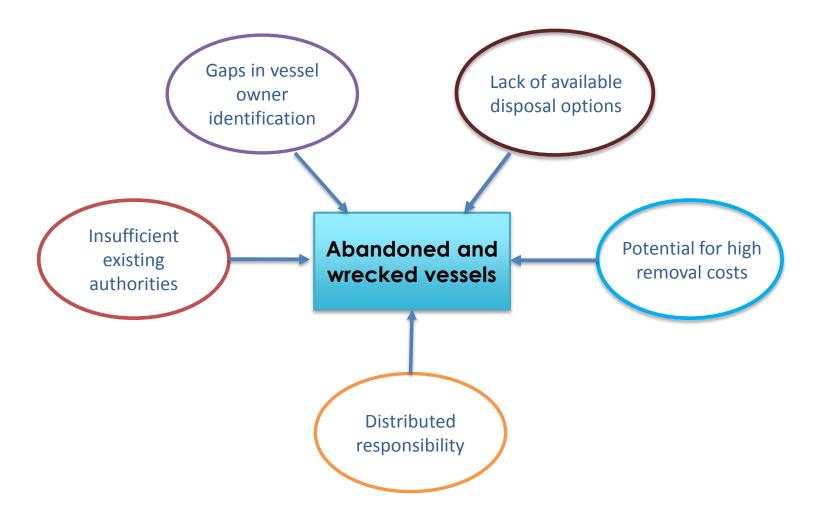
Oceans Protection Plan





<sup>\*</sup> Covers both large and small vessels

### The issue is complex



## Objectives of the National Strategy



To reduce the number of abandoned and wrecked vessels in Canadian waters by:



Preventing the occurrence of <u>new</u> problem vessels



Making progress in cleaning up existing problem vessels

## 5 Key Measures under the National Strategy



New legislation: Bill C-64, the *Wrecked*, *Abandoned or Hazardous Vessels Act* 



**Enhance vessel owner identification** 



Short-term funding for: clean up of existing smaller vessels and wrecks; education and awareness; and research on boat recycling and design

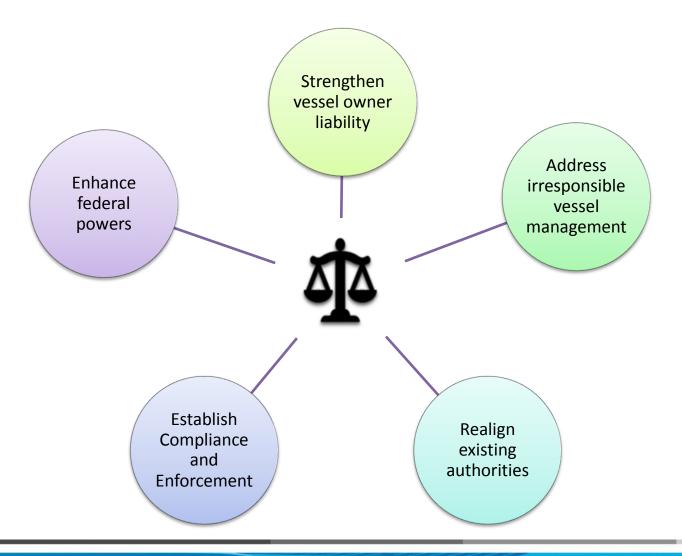


Long-term owner-financed funds to address abandoned and wrecked vessels



National inventory of problem vessels with risk assessment methodology

## Bill C-64: Legislation Objectives



## Bill C-64: Highlights

Strengthen Vessel Owner Liability	<ul> <li>Makes owners responsible for all vessel/wreck clean-up costs</li> <li>Makes owners liable for locating and marking wrecks that are a result of a maritime casualty, and removing them if deemed a hazard (Nairobi)</li> <li>Requires owners of vessels 300 gross tonnes and above to carry wreck removal insurance (Nairobi)</li> </ul>
Address Irresponsible Vessel Management	<ul> <li>Prohibits:</li> <li>✓ Vessel abandonment</li> <li>✓ Causing a vessel to become a wreck (e.g., scuttling)</li> <li>✓ Leaving a vessel adrift for more than 48 hours</li> <li>✓ Leaving a dilapidated (poor condition) vessel in the same area for more than 60 days without consent</li> </ul>

## Bill C-64: Highlights (cont.)

Enhance Federal Powers	<ul> <li>Empowers the federal government to take proactive measures on problem vessels before they become greater problems – can order owners to take actions, or take actions directly.</li> <li>Hazard considerations broadened to include health and safety, economic, socio-economic and other environmental risks.</li> </ul>
Establish Compliance and Enforcement Regime	<ul> <li>Provides full inspection and investigation powers to cover broad array of scenarios.</li> <li>Sets out a sanctions regime (including penalties, fines and penal measures) to deter non-compliance.</li> </ul>
Realign Existing Authorities	<ul> <li>Consolidates the Salvage Convention and Receiver of Wreck provisions formerly under the <i>Canada Shipping Act, 2001</i> under one regime.</li> <li>Updates the Receiver of Wreck provisions to enhance the protection of rights of owners of wrecks who are unknown or cannot be located, as well as salvors.</li> </ul>

#### Bill C-64: Status



The Bill has completed the House Committee review and been reported back to the House, with amendments.



Awaiting 3<sup>rd</sup> Reading, then will proceed to Senate



Aiming to have the legislation come into force by Spring 2019

## The ability to identify vessel owners is key to holding them responsible



Developing options to **enhance pleasure craft licensing** in partnership with provinces and
territories



Studying ways to enhance the **commercial vessel registration system** 

## Short-term funding provided to address highest priority, small vessels



Transport Canada's Abandoned Boats Program

- Assessment and Removals: \$5.6M over 5 years (2017-2022)
- Education, Awareness, and Research: \$1.25M over 5 years (\$750K for education and awareness; and \$500K for research)



Fisheries and Oceans Canada's **Small Craft Harbours Abandoned and Wrecked Vessels Removal Program** 

Removal and Disposal in Small Craft Harbours:
 \$1.3M over 5 years (2017-2022)

# A longer term, sustainable source of funding is being developed



## A complete list of problem vessels is needed to prioritize their removals



National inventory of problem vessels will:

- identify the scope and scale of the issue within Canadian waters; and,
- track and report on all problem vessels.



A national risk assessment methodology will:

- prioritize and rank problem vessels/wrecks across
   Canada; and,
- inform monitoring and remediation plans.

## All governments have an important role to play

**Federal** 

Indigenous



Provinces & Territories

Local Communities & Municipalities

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**Small Craft Harbours** 

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